

# Scope Revisited

From Ms Martin's presentation on Scope.

# Scope

- The part of a program in which a declaration (i.e. of a variable or method) is valid
- Example: loop counter's scope is limited to loop itself
- Example: variables declared in main only exist in main

# Scope visualized

```
public class ScopeTest {  
    public static final int SIZE = 3;  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int grade = 96;  
        for(int i = 1; i <= grade; i++) {  
            for(int j = 1; j <= i*2; j++) {  
                System.out.print(j);  
            }  
            System.out.println();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# Local variables

- Defined within a particular block
  - Only available in that block
- Localizing variables is to declare them in the most local scope possible
  - Increase readability
  - Decrease likelihood of overwriting

# Valid or not?

```
for(int i = 1; i <= 6; i++) {  
    for(int i = 1; i <= i + 1; i++) {  
        System.out.println(i);  
    }  
}
```

```
for(int i = 1; i <= 6; i++) {  
    System.out.println(i);  
}  
for(int i = 1; i <= 7; i++) {  
    System.out.println("Goober!");  
}
```

```
for(int year = 1; year <= 10; year++) {  
    int salary = year * 1000;  
}  
System.out.println(salary);
```